















## DC's Proposed Fiscal Year 2018 Budget



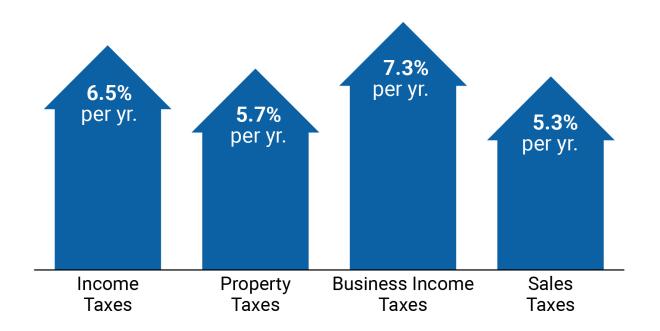




### **DC's Strong Finances: Taxes**

In the last 9 months, expected revenue for 2017 & 2018 rose \$200 million

**Tax Collections are Growing** (2011 - 2018)



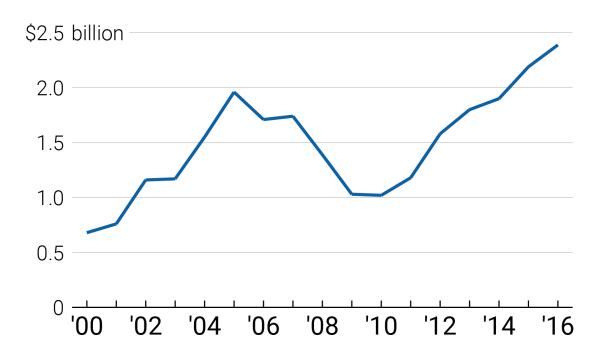


### DC's Strong Finances: Fund Balance

DC's fund balance is growing due to annual budget surpluses.

But due to a save-allsurpluses policy, <u>none</u> can be used for housing, schools, etc.

#### **General Fund Balance At Historic High**

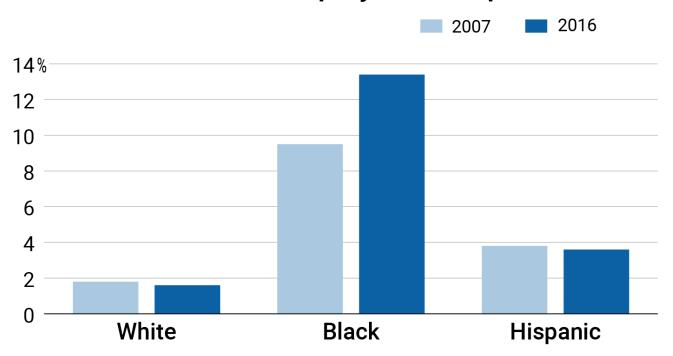


Note: All figures adjusted for inflation to equal fiscal year 2016 dollars. Source: Fiscal Year 2000-16 Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports, Chief Financial Officer.



## Not Everyone is Benefiting from DC's Strong Economy

#### DC's Black-White Unemployment Gap Has Grown

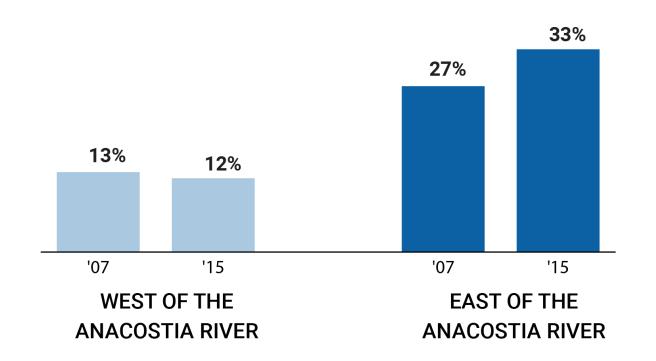


Note: Unemployment rate is for the population aged 16 to 64. Source: DCFPI analysis of Current Population Survey data.



# Not Everyone is Benefiting from DC's Strong Economy

#### Poverty East of the River Is Higher Than A Decade Ago



Source: US Census Bureau American Community Survey 2015 1-year estimates



### FY 18 Budget Addresses Fundamentals, But Makes Little Progress on Key Challenges

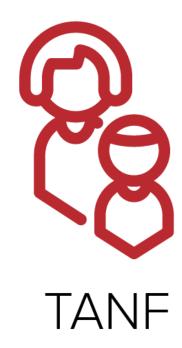
#### \$100 Million in Tax Cuts Made it Hard to Do More

- The budget makes modest progress on housing, homelessness, schools
- The budget does not propose many notable new initiatives to address
   DC's racial and economic disparities

#### The Proposed FY 2018 Budget Addresses:

- Rapidly rising school enrollment
- Metro's need for more resources
- An ongoing hole in the shelter budget for hypothermia season







### **Major TANF Victory: Protects Children**

#### Rigid Time Limit Adopted in 2011:

- No hardship extensions
- 10,000 children at risk of cut-off this year
- Mayor/Council have struggled to resolve

## Budget Adopts Mayoral Workgroup's "Preferred Option"

- Child's portion can never be cut
- Parent's portion can be cut for not complying with TANF rules

#### **Budget Still Leaves a Gap**

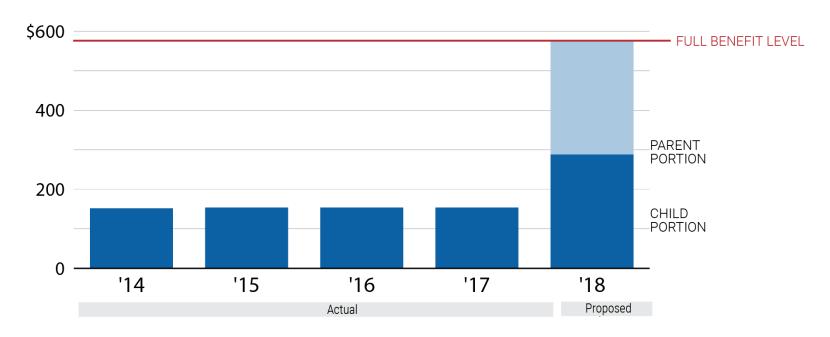
 Budget proposes that half of a family's grant could be cut (parent portion)





## Eliminating Time Limits Will Greatly Increase Resources for TANF Parents to Care for their Children

Monthly benefits after 60 months, for a family of three



Source: Fiscal Year 2015-18 Budget & Financial Plans.



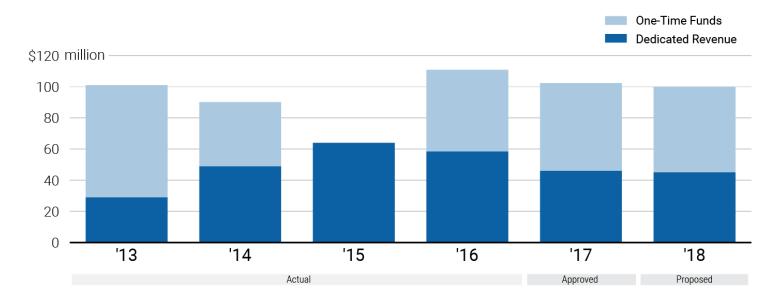


AFFORDABLE HOUSING



## Housing Production Trust Fund Investment Maintained

#### **Supports 1000 Homes and Public Housing Repairs**



Note: All figures adjusted for inflation. Source: Fiscal Year 2015-18 Budget & Financial Plans.



# Affordable Housing: Investments Maintained, But More is Needed

#### **New in the Budget**

\$10 million for Affordable Housing Preservation Fund (details unclear)



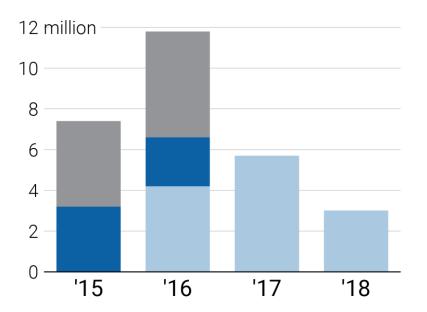


### Affordable Housing: Budget Still Leaves Gaps

## Small Increase in Rental Assistance, But No New Funds for Two Key Programs

Increase in approved budget from previous fiscal year

- Tenant-Based Local Rent Supplement Program
- Project/Sponsor-Based Local Rent Supplement Program
- Targeted Affordable Housing



No new funding for rental vouchers to take families off wait list

No new funding for rental aid tied to Trust Fund to make homes affordable for the poorest families









### **Homeless Services: Not Enough Progress**



#### **Singles**

- Budget meets less than a third the need to end chronic homelessness
- No new Rapid ReHousing

#### **Families**

Budget meets just 40% of need

#### Youth

 Budget funds less than half of Year 1 of the new 5-year plan



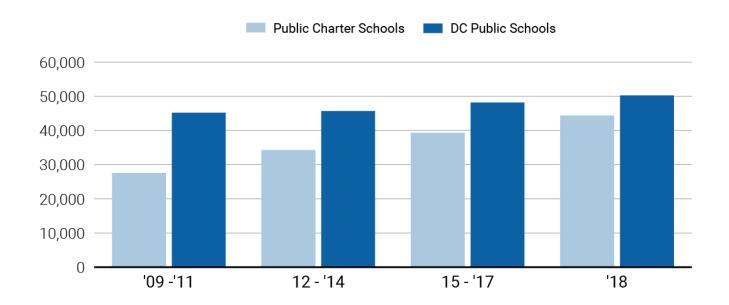


PRE-K TO 12 EDUCATION



### <u>Schools</u>: Substantial Increase Needed Just for Enrollment Growth

Public School Enrollment Steadily Rising to Over 90,000 Total Students



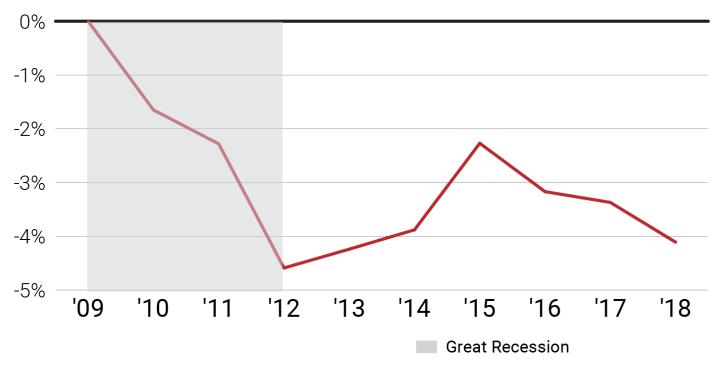
Note: All figures adjusted for inflation. Source: 2009 - 17 School Enrollment Audit; Fiscal Year 2018 Budget & Financial Plans.

- Most of the \$100 million added for schools is for growing enrollment
- Most of the growing enrollment is in public charter schools



## Modest Increase in Per-Pupil Funding Still Below Pre-Recession Level

Percent change each year, adjusting for inflation.



Note: All figures adjusted for inflation. Source: Fiscal Year 2015-18 Budget & Financial Plans.

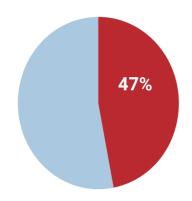


# Impacts of Insufficient Per-Pupil Funding Increase

- Many schools will still use "at-risk funds" for core services
- Some public charters still using at risk to replace lost summer school funds

## Almost Half of DCPS "At-Risk" Funds Used Incorrectly on Core Services in Fiscal Year 2017

Used to 'Supplant' Core School FunctionTargeted At-Risk Use





Source: Analysis of DCPS' initial budget allocations for FY 2017 by Mary Levy, April 2016





EARLY CHILDHOOD LEARNING

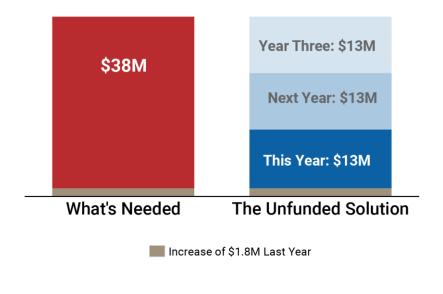


## Early Education: Budget Expands Child Care Spaces, But Not For Low-Income Children

**\$15 Million** for Child Care Spaces & 1,300 Expected New Seats

**Gap in Subsidy Program** that limits quality for providers largely serving low-income children





Source: "Solid Footing", DC Fiscal Policy Institute & DC Appleseed







### **Job Training & Education**



Focus on Subsidized Jobs
 Cont'd investment in LEAP Academy & Career Connections
 New office: Dept. of State Initiatives

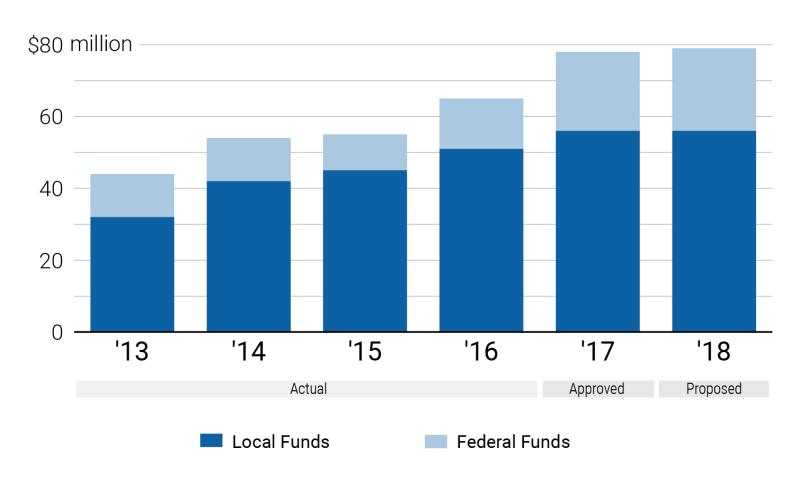
Paid Family Leave
 No money to develop IT system & other start-up needs

No Transportation Subsidies

Budget does not meet advocate/DME
recommendation for \$1.5M for "Adult Learners
Ride Free"



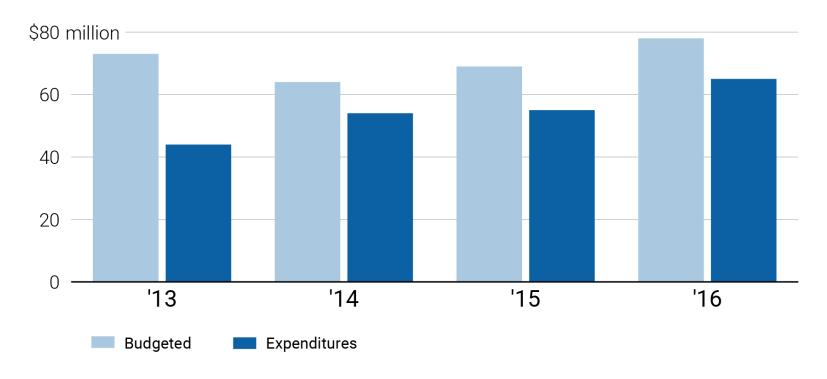
## Workforce Development Funding Has Been Rising at Dept. of Employment Services







### Dept. of Employment Services Continues to Underspend its Allocated Funding



Note: All figures adjusted for inflation. Source: Fiscal Year 2015-18 Budget & Financial Plans.



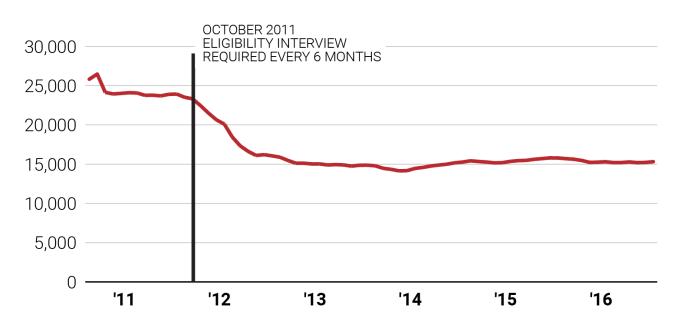




# Health: Medicaid Lives! But Immigrant Access Remains a Challenge

The Healthcare Alliance has restrictive rules that make it hard to keep benefits. Thousands go without care until they are so sick they need to apply.

### Participation in Alliance Program Remains Low Under Interview Requirements Maintained in Fiscal Year 18





# Policy to Put Tax Cuts Ahead of Housing & Schools Was a <u>Missed Opportunity</u>

















### Tax Cuts Dominate DC Budget

### Available Revenue to Implement Tax Policy Changes

(In Millions)	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020
Total Revenue Growth	\$175.7	\$194.0	\$201.8
Total Revenue Dedicated to Tax-Cut Triggers	\$100.3	\$137.1	\$140.4
Additional Revenue Available for Services	\$75.4	\$56.9	\$61.4
% Dedicated to Tax-Cut Triggers Source: OCFO, February 2017 Revenue Estimates	57%	71%	70%



# Three Steps to Untie DC's Hands For the Fiscal Year 2018 Budget

- Put automatic tax cuts on hold
- Use surpluses for important one-time investments
- Create reserve for federal budget cuts



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