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Which Tax Reductions Are Likely to Go Into Effect in the Fall?

By Wes Rivers

Last week's announcement of growing city revenues, combined with recent Council action to speed up the implementation of tax cuts recommended by the Tax Revision Commission, makes it likely that the District will soon cut income tax rates for middle- and upper-income residents and also reduce income taxes for businesses.

The budget passed last week by the DC Council devotes every dollar of revenue growth through this fall to tax cuts, and the new <u>revenue forecast</u> from the Chief Financial Officer showed that revenues for 2016 and beyond will be \$38 million more than expected. If that is maintained in the next revenue forecast in September, \$38 million of tax cuts will be implemented in 2016.

Earlier this week, the District's Dime commented on how the aggressive implementation of tax cuts could limit DC's ability to cover with rising costs of services. Using every dollar for tax cuts means we have less revenue to make investments in affordable housing, schools, or homeless services and we have less cushion to deal with unexpected occurrences like lawsuits or weather emergencies.

Today, we want to highlight the precise tax cuts that would go into effect. (See **Table** for full list of "tax triggers.") If the revenue forecast does not change dramatically in September, DC will make the following tax changes, effective January 1, 2016:

- Reduces the income tax rate for the newly created middle income tax bracket. The individual income tax rate falls from 7.0 percent to 6.5 percent on taxable income between \$40,000 and \$60,000 (or \$80,000 to \$120,000 for two-earner families). The rate reduction results in maximum tax bill savings of \$100 for single filers and costs \$11.4 million.
- Cuts income taxes for those making more than \$350,000 a year. The individual income tax rate falls from 8.95 percent to 8.75 percent on taxable income between \$350,000 and \$1 million. This results in a maximum tax bill savings of \$1,300 and costs \$4.5 million.
- Cuts the corporate and unincorporated business franchise tax. The business income tax would fall from 9.4 to 9 percent. As the tax triggers move forward, the rate would fall to 8.25 percent, equaling the rates in Virginia and Maryland. This will cost the District \$18.4 million.

If the September revenue forecast shows a further increase in revenues, additional tax cuts would be triggered. The next items on the list including increasing the standard deduction in the income tax, which largely benefits low- and moderate-income renters, and eliminating estate taxes for estates worth \$1 million to \$2 million.

Tax Commission R	ecommendations		
Only a Small Share of Upcoming Tax Cuts Are Progressive			
Tax Commission Policy Changes	Fiscal Impact (In Millions)	Impact on Tax Distribution	
Reduce the rate on the new individual income tax middle bracket 7.0% to 6.75%	(\$5.7)	Progressive	\$38 million in addition revenue in September will trigger these tax cuts
Lower taxes through "Millionaire Bracket" for incomes from \$350K to \$1 M	(\$4.5)	~	
Reduce business franchise tax to 9.2%	(\$9.2)	-	
Reduce the rate for middle income bracket from 6.75% to 6.5%	(\$5.7)	Progressive	
Reduce business franchise tax to 9.0%	(\$9.2)	×=	
Raise standard deduction: \$5,650 for singles, \$7,800 for HOH, \$10,275 for married.	(\$7.8)	Progressive	
Raise estate tax threshold from \$1 million to \$2 million	(\$4.5)	-	
Raise standard deduction: \$6,100 for singles, \$8,950 for HOH, \$10,275 for married.	(\$8.9)	Progressive	
Increase Personal Exemption to \$2,200	(\$12.0)	Progressive	
Increase Personal Exemption to \$2,700	(\$14.5)	Progressive	
Reduce business franchise tax to 8.75%	(\$11.4)	_	
Increase Personal Exemption to \$3,200	(\$14.0)	Progressive	
Raise estate tax threshold to conform with federal level	(\$9.4)	-	
Reduce business franchise tax to 8.5%	(\$11.4)	-	
Increase Personal Exemption to \$3,700	(\$13.6)	Progressive	
Reduce business franchise tax to 8.25%	(\$11.4)	-	
Eliminate the Low Income Credit and Increase Personal Exemption to Federal Level	(\$8.0)	Progressive	
Source: FY 2016 Budget Request Act Draft Report (Bill 21-157)			

When the September forecast arrives, we hope that DC Council will reexamine the pace of implementation of the tax revision package – weighing our ongoing needs with the expense of tax cuts.